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ł		TRANSMIT	TAL LETTER	TO THE UNITED STATES	PTT-128(402571US)				
DESIGNAT			ATED/ELECT	ED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5				
۱		CONCERN	NING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		10/019344				
		RNATIONAL API	PLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED				
L		/EP00/04627		19 May 2000 🗸	13 July 1999				
A METHOD FOR PROTECTING A PORTABLE CARD									
l	APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US MULLER, Frank, ROELOFSEN, Gerrit								
t	Applic	Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information							
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l	2	This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.							
l	3. ×								
l	4.	The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).							
ı	5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))								
l		<ul> <li>a.  is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b.  has been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> </ul>							
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	$_{6}\square$			cation was filed in the United States Receiving					
l	°Ш	An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).  a. is attached hereto.							
ĺ				ted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).					
l	7.			ernational Aplication under PCT Article 19 (3	35 U.S.C. 371(a)(2))				
		a. are attac	ched hereto (require	d only if not communicated by the Internatio	inal Bureau)				
		_		y the International Bureau.	nai Buicauj.				
ĺ		c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.							
		d. have not been made and will not be made.							
	8	An English langua	age translation of the	e amendments to the claims under PCT Artic	le 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).				
	9. <b>X</b>	An oath or declara	ation of the inventor	r(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). (4 pps.)					
1	An English lanugage translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).								
	Item	s 11 to 20 below	concern document(	s) or information included:					
1	1. ×	An Information	Disclosure Statemen	at under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. (with Form PTO. four (4) reference	es including English abstract for Reference AB)				
1	2. ×			ing. A separate cover sheet in compliance w					
1	3. <b>×</b>		ninary amendment.		(2 pps.)				
1.		A SECOND or	SUBSEQUENT pre	liminary amendment.					
1	5 <b>—</b>	A substitute specification.							
1		A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.							
1		A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.							
13		A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).							
19		A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).							
20	). <b>×</b>		nformation: postcard, 01/05091 Internatio Notificatic Examinat sheet of c	Cover Letter (1 pp.), Application Data Sheet (2 pps.), with one (1) drawing sheet (FIGs. 1-3), copy of PCT F nal Application Number and International Filing Date (in of Receipt of Demand (1 pp.), copy of Notification of ion Report with a copy of the International Preliminary laims (8 pps.), Submission of Priority Document with canslation).	copy of International Publication No. WO Request (6 pps.), copy of Notification of 1 pp.), copy of PCT Demand (5 pps.), copy of fTransmittal of the International Preliminary Examination Report and one (1) amonded				

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b. Please charge my Deposit Account No. 13-3083 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees.  A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.									
c. x The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-3083. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.									
d. Fees are to be charged to a credit card. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.									
NOTE: Where an a 1.137 (a) or (b)) mu	appropriate time limit unust be filed and granted t	nder 37 CFR 1.494 or 1 to restore the applicatio	.495 has not been mon to pending status.	et, s	a petition to reviv	ve (37 CFR			
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Peter L. MICHA	AELSON		/ UY V SIGNATUR	or.	6 1-400	Marin			
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FORM PTO-1390 (REV 9-2001) page 2 of 2

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# IN THE UNITED STATES RECEIVING OFFICE (RO/US)

#### PATENT APPLICATION

Applicants: MULLER, Frank; ROELOFSEN, Gerrit

Case: PTT-128 (402571US)

International Application No.: PCT/EP00/04627

International Filing Date: 19 May 2000

Priority Date Claimed: 13 July 1999

Title: A METHOD FOR PROTECTING A PORTABLE CARD

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

BOX PCT

Washington, D. C. 20231

S I R:

#### PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Please amend the above-identified patent application which is simultaneously filed herewith, as follows:

#### IN THE CLAIMS-

Delete claims 1-7 and substitute therefore the following claims:

- 1 --8. A method for protecting a portable card provided with
- 2 at least a cryptographic algorithm for enciphering data
- 3 and/or authenticating the card against deriving the secret
- 4 key used from statistical analysis of its information
- 5 leaking away to the outside world in the event of

cryptographic operations, such as power-consumption data, 6 7 electromagnetic radiation and the like, the card being provided with at least a shift register having a linear and 8 a non-linear feedback function for creating cryptographic 9 10 algorithms, the method comprising loading data to be processed and a secret key in the shift register of the 11 12 card, characterised in that an algorithm, comprising an 13 appropriately chosen succession of applications of linear and non-linear feedback functions, is applied to the card in 14 such a manner that the collection of values of recorded **1**·5 leak-information signals is resistant to deriving the secret 16 key by way of statistical analysis of said values. 17

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- 9. The method according to claim 8, characterized in that, after the key has been loaded into the shift register, the shift register, during a specific period, clocks on several times, at least using the linear-feedback function, and that subsequently the data is loaded using only the linear-feedback function and the shift register subsequently clocks on.
- 10. The method according to claim 9, characterized in that during the first instance of clocking on the shift register is clocked on for so long that the content of all elements of the shift register largely depend on the bits of the key.
- 1 11. The method according to claim 8, characterized in that,
  2 after the key has been loaded into the shift register, the
  3 shift register, during a specific period, clocks on several
  4 times, and in that clocking on the shift register takes
  5 place with an active linear and an active non-linear
  6 feedback function of the shift register, no data being

- 7 loaded into the shift register, however, during, or prior
- 8 to, the clocking-on period or prior to loading the key.
- 1 12. The method according to claim 8, characterized in that
- 2 the input of data into the shift register after loading the
- 3 key into the shift register is disconnected from the shift
- 4 register and is reinstated after the aforementioned specific
- .5 period.
- 1 13. The method according to claim 8, characterized in that
- 2 the key is only loaded into the shift register in the event
- of a fixed content of the shift register.
  - 14. The method according to claim 8, characterized in that, if the key is not loaded with a fixed content of the shift register, the key is loaded into the shift register using only the linear feedback function, whereafter clocking on takes place. --.

#### REMARKS

The foregoing amendment is made to conform the claims in the application to that amended in the International Preliminary Examination Report, to delete multiple dependent claims and correct minor typographical errors.

Respectfully submitted,

20 December 2001

Peter L. MICHAELSON, Attorney

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(732) 530-6671

531 Rec'd PCT/FT 21 DEC 2001

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### \*\*\*EXPRESS MAIL CERTIFICATION\*\*\*

"Express Mail" mailing label number: **EL632364785US** Date of deposit: 21 December 2001

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231.

et a Chillann Signature of person making certification

Peter L. MICHAELSON

Name of person making certification

(PTT128PREAMEND/79:ca)

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#### A method for protecting a portable card.

The invention relates to a method for protecting a portable card, provided with at least a crypto algorithm for enciphering data and/or authenticating the card, against deriving the secret key used from statistical analysis of its information leaking away to the outside world in the event of cryptographic operations, such as power consumption data, electromagnetic radiation and the like, the card being provided with at least a shift register having a linear and a non-linear feedback function for creating cryptographic algorithms, the method comprising loading data to be processed and a secret key in the shift register of the card.

Using a secret key to process input information and/or to produce output information is generally known in the event of cryptographic devices. Using feedback shift registers is also generally known for creating cryptographic algorithms.

In this connection, data to be consecutively processed and a secret key are loaded into one or more shift registers. Here, the sequence of loading data and the key is random.

Subsequently, the output of the shift register and possibly the the shift-register contents are applied, using linear and/or non-linear-feedback, to determine the output of the entire algorithm. The input of the shift register then, apart from the data and the key, also consists of a linear and a non-linear combination of the shift-register contents.

Such shift registers are generally applied in the event of portable cards, such as chip cards, calling cards, smart-card products and the like.

Since the secret key is not known to unauthorised third parties, it is basically impossible to derive either the input or the key from the output of the algorithm.

Now it has become apparent, however, that for chip cards and the like it is possible, in the event of computations, to derive the secret key used from a statistical analysis of the power consumption of the card. Such methods are known as "Differential Power Analysis" (= DPA) and are described in the Internet publication DPA Technical Information: "Introduction to Differential Power Analysis and Related Attacks" by P. Kocher et al., Cryptography Research, San Francisco, 1998.

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Said methods are based on the fact that, in practice, with cryptographic operations, information is leaking away to the outside world in the form of power-consumption data, electromagnetic radiation and the like.

Thus, logical microprocessor units show regular transistorswitching patterns which externally (i.e., outside the microprocessor) noticeably produce electrical behaviour.

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In this manner, it is possible to identify macro characteristics, such as microprocessor activity, by recording the power consumption and deriving information on the secret key used by way of statistical analysis of the data thus obtained.

The invention now overcomes said drawback and provides a portable card which is resistant to such analyses and therefore provides a card which is safe to use.

The method according to the invention is characterised in that an algorithm is applied to the card which is constructed in such a manner that the collection of values of recorded leak-information signals is resistant to deriving the secret key by way of statistical analysis of said values. Advantageously, after loading the key into the shift register, the shift register is subsequently clocked on, during a specific period of time, several times, at least making use of the linear feedback function.

A suitable alternative according to the invention is loading only the key into the shift register in the event of a fixed content of the shift register.

In a first advantageous embodiment of the invention, there is first loaded the key, subsequently clocking on is performed, after which the data is loaded.

In another advantageous embodiment of the invention, the key is first loaded, subsequently the data is loaded into the shift register, making exclusive use of the linear feedback function and subsequently the clocking on is performed.

In yet another advantageous embodiment of the invention, the data is first loaded, subsequently the key is loaded, making exclusive use of the linear feedback function, whereafter clocking on is performed.

The invention will now be further explained with reference to the drawing and the description by way of non-limiting example.

FIG. 1 schematically shows a typical shift register as applied with a portable card, such as a chip card and the like.

FIG. 2 schematically shows an advantageous solution according to the invention, and

FIG. 3 schematically shows another advantageous solution according to the invention.

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Referring now to FIG. 1, there is shown a feedback shift register 1, which is applied in any way suitable for that purpose to a portable card, not shown for simplicity's sake, such as a chip card, calling card and the like, having an input 2 and an output 3.

The feedback shift register 1 comprises a shift register 1a, as well as a feedback function, which in this case consists of a linear function 1b and a non-linear function 1c having an output 3a. Such a feedback shift register, due to its relatively low costs, is eligible for being applied to, e.g., calling cards and the like. The non-linear function may see to it that each bit depends on each number of key bits.

Shift registers are generally known and their operation will therefore not be described in detail. The shift register 1a consists of a series of bits. The length of a shift register is expressed in bits; in the event of a length of n bits, it is called an n-bit shift register.

Each time a bit is required, all bits in the shift register are shifted 1 bit to the right. The new left bit is calculated as a function of the bits remaining in the register and the input.

The output of the shift register is 1 bit, often the least significant bit. The period of a shift register is the length of the output series before repetition starts.

Data is loaded by way of the input 2; the key is loaded, and results are produced by way of the output 3 or, if so desired, 3a. In a similar situation, however, there may be carried out an attack on the secret key used by way of DPA, based on power variations of the system in the event of computations via statistical analysis of "leak data" and error-correcting techniques.

In this connection, it should be noted that, from a security viewpoint, it is desirable to load the key and the data non-linearly into the shift register. It has become apparent, however, that in the event of calculations, non-linearly loading the key and the data into the shift register increases the chance of deriving the secret key used through statistical analysis of the power consumption.

In FIG. 2 and FIG. 3, the same reference numerals as used in FIG. 1 refer to the same components.

FIG. 2 now shows an advantageous embodiment of the invention, the key first being loaded into the shift register, subsequently data being loaded, at least initially, exclusively using the linear-feedback function, and then the clocking on (e.g., 100 times or over) of the shift register taking place. During loading the data and, if so desired, the subsequent clocking on, the non-linear function of the shift register is deactivated until the shift register has been sufficiently clocked on. Then, the non-linear function is switched on once again.

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In doing so, the linear-feedback function 1b continues to be active.

Deactivating and activating, as the case may be, the non-linear function 1c may take place in any way suitable for that purpose, e.g., using switches.

The shift register 1a is advantageously clocked on so many times that the content of all elements of the shift register depends on a large portion of the bits of the key.

In another advantageous embodiment, after loading the key there is first clocked on until the content of all elements of the shift register depends on a large portion of the bits of the key. Only after said clocking on, the data in the shift register 1a is permitted to be loaded and non-linear operations on the content of the shift register are also permitted to be effected.

Clocking on takes place in any way known to those skilled in the art and will therefore not be explained in further detail.

For completeness' sake, it should be noted that DPA is only capable of being carried out if there takes place a non-linear operation of the data with the key. Since, in addition, the effort required for DPA rises exponentially with the number of key bits on which the bits in the shift register depend, it is achieved in this manner that, in the event of sufficient interim clocking on of the shift register 1a, applying DPA does not result in short-term success.

In FIG. 3, there is shown an advantageous variant of the invention, the key having been loaded with a fixed content of the shift register (which may also consist purely of zeros) and clocking on the shift register taking place with an active linear and an active non-linear feedback function, but without data being loaded into the shift register during the clocking-on period. In doing so, the input of data into the shift register after loading the key is disconnected from the shift register and is reinstated again after a

specific clocking-on period. Due to the fixed content of the shift register, it is not permitted to apply any modifications and an unauthorised third party shall not be capable of determining a collection of different values of leak data, such as power consumption, and subject it to statistical analysis in order to retrieve the key.

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 In this solution according to the invention, the key may therefore be loaded non-linearly, and deactivating the non-linear feedback function will not be required.

In another advantageous embodiment of the invention, in the event that the key, after data has been loaded into the shift register, is not loaded with the fixed content of the shift register, the key is loaded into the shift register using only the linear-feedback function, whereafter subsequent clocking on is permitted to take place.

After the aforementioned description, various modifications of the method according to the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art.

Such modifications shall be deemed to fall within the scope of the invention.

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### ART 34 AMDT

#### AMENDED SET OF CLAIMS

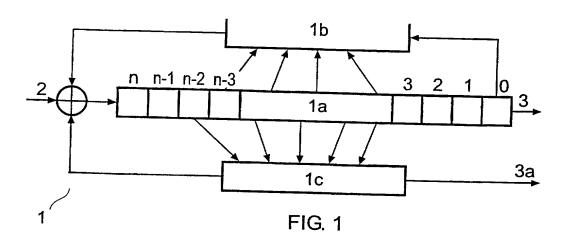
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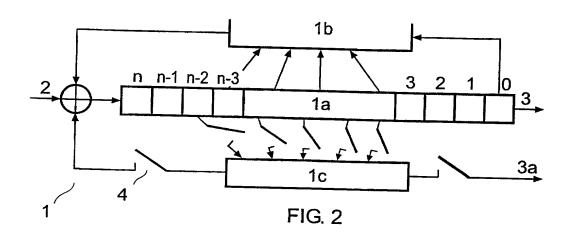
- A method for protecting a portable card provided with at least a cryptographic algorithm for enciphering data and/or authenticating the card against deriving the secret key used from statistical analysis of its information leaking away to the outside world in the event of cryptographic operations, such as powerconsumption data, electromagnetic radiation and the like, the card being provided with at least a shift register having a linear and a non-linear feedback function for creating cryptographic algorithms, the method comprising loading data to be processed and a secret key in the shift register of the card, characterised in that an algorithm, comprising an appropriately chosen succession of applications of linear and non-linear feedback functions, is applied to the card in such a manner that the collection of values of recorded leak-information signals is resistant to deriving the secret key by way of statistical analysis of said values.
- The method according to claim 1, characterised in that, after the key has been loaded into the shift register, the shift register, during a specific period, clocks on several times, at least using the linear-feedback function, and that subsequently the data is loaded using only the linear-feedback function and the shift register subsequently clocks on.
- The method according to claim 2, characterised in that during the first instance of clocking on the shift register is clocked on for so long that the content of all elements of the shift register largely depend on the bits of the key.
- The method according to claim 1, characterised in that, after the key has been loaded into the shift register, the shift register, during a specific period, clocks on several times, and in that clocking on the shift register takes place with an active linear and an active non-linear feedback function of the shift register, no data being loaded into the shift register, however, during, or prior to, the clocking-on period or prior to loading the key.
- The method according to any of the preceding claims, characterised in that the input of data into the shift register after loading the key into the shift register is disconnected from the shift register and is reinstated after the aforementioned specific period.
- The method according to any of the preceding claims, characterised in that the key is only loaded into the shift register in the event of a fixed content of the shift register.
- 7. The method according to any of the preceding claims, characterised in that, if the key is not loaded with a fixed content of the shift register, the key is loaded into the shift register using only the linear feedback function, whereafter clocking on takes place.

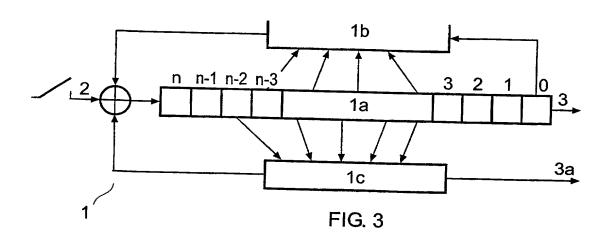
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Atty. Doc. No.: PTT-128~

# DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

(Utility Patent Application)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below), of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

"A method for protecting a portable card."

the specification of which:

- \_\_ is attached hereto
- was filed on as Application Serial
- with amendment(s) filed
- was filed as PCT international application: PCT/EP00/04627 and was amended under PCT Article 19 14 September 2001

hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the aboveidentified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Section 119 of Title 35, United States Code for the above-identified US patent application based on the patent or inventor's certificate identified below and having a filing date before that of the US patent application for which priority is claimed:

Priority Claimed

Application No Country Filing Date under 35 USC 119

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July 13, 1999

YES 🕶

I hereby claim the benefit under Section 120 and/or Section 119(e) of Title 35 of the United States Code of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by Section 112 of Title 35 of the United States Code, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information, as defined in Section 1.56 of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations, which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Status

Application Serial No. Filing Date Patented Pending Abandoned

Power of attorney:

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THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Citizenship: The Net Country			
n ii ii kulla (fullo 11 ii ii	Signature:			
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As a named inventor, I hereby appoint:

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Robert M. Wallace (Reg. No. 29,119)
Jeremiah G. Murray (Reg. No. 20,533)
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Janet M. Skafar (Reg. No. 41,315)
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as my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office in connection therewith.

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 I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Date: 10-12

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